

COUNTRY PRESENTATION: SRI LANKA

The Journey of Islamic Finance

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It's Your Bank



Our Journey

- How we started, nurtured and grew Islamic Finance without an Enabling Environment in a Muslim minority country [1997-2005]
- The problems we faced and how we dealt with them
- How we created a limited Enabling Environment [2005] and started an Islamic bank [2011]
- The Opportunities & Challenges Ahead

Sri Lanka: Fact File



Island of 65,000 sq.km
20M people
65% Buddhists
1.6M Muslims
mainly traders





Well known for Tea, Apparels, Spices, Blue Sapphires and Cricket



Economic Snapshot

- Size: USD 49bn; per capita GDP USD 2,800 [2011]
 'middle income country' status | Target USD 4000 [2015]
- **GDP Share by Sector:** Services (55%), Industry (29%), Agriculture (13%)
- 70% of the economy is private sector driven | SME's contribute 50% of GDP
- **Growth rate:** 6.5% [2012 forecast]
- Inflation: 7%
- Country Risk: BB- Stable Sovereign Rating (Fitch); recent USD 1 bn Sovereign bond issue 10.5 x oversubscribed | no history of default
- **Positioning:** Services and Trading Hub' in the region; Main exports apparels (40%), tea (14%) | worker remittances, tourism
- Workforce: 92% literacy; 63% in private sector; 34% women; unemployment 5%

Financial Sector



- 24 Commercial Banks [12 foreign; 2 State-owned; 1 Islamic]
- 9 Specialised Banks
- 44 Finance | Leasing Companies
- 4 Islamic banking windows | 3 Islamic NBFI windows













COMMERCIAL BANK













Total banking assets USD 37 bn (58%of total Financial Sector); Islamic banking assets < 3%; NPA 4%; CAR 14%; Interest Spread 4%; Cost/Income Ratio 74%; ROE 20%; TB rate 13.3% p.a.

passion to succeed

- First Brainwave
- Idea germinates
- Initial support group formed
- Testing the waters; regulator's pulse
- Unfriendly regulatory framework | negative response



- No Enabling Environment
- Amana Investments formed | unregulated, unlisted company
 - Engaged in basic deposit taking & financing activities; limited 3 products | work-around loopholes in laws
- E&Y appointed auditors



1998

Strategy to attract customers

Major drive for the concept by all mosque Imams;
 Clarion call at Friday sermons for Muslims to move away from Riba

- Sheik Taqi Usmani and key local scholars join Sharia Council
- Awareness programs across untapped market segments
- Formal application for Islamic banking licence prepared by E&Y

2000 **-** 2004

Adding
external
support
and
credibility

- Strategic Alliance with BIMB (10% equity + technical knowledge transfer)
- Lobbying for banking licence begins supported by BIMB's Malaysian experience
- New product additions by work-arounds: Rapid growth
- Mixed signals from CBSL | slow progress | political resistance by ethnic groups & conventional banks
- 2001 AAOIFI membership
- 2002 Amana Takaful (supported by BIMB's insurance subsidiary) gets license to do insurance business under conventional framework

2004

Change of Strategy

- Change of guard at Amana
- Formidable challenges from both within and without
- Change of approach to regulators from faith-based mandate to the UVP of Islamic banking
- Personal credibility | clearing external perceptions
- Further product additions | back-door arrangements with other banks to service our customers

2005



- Banking Act is amended: deposit taking & lending on PLS basis
- Amana Investments becomes instantly illegal!
- Islamic Banking Windows open | competition begins
- First Regulatory inspection: "company not ready for licensing"
- Threat of forced regulatory closure

2005 -2008



- Challenge was to put our house in order; strategically grow the business to a formidable size; build credibility with CBSL
- By 2008 branch network increased from 6 to 14 across the country
- Achieved 95% growth in deposits and 81% growth in advances
- Cleared most of the regulatory concerns
- Negotiated way out of the historical reputation to form Amana Bank as separate new entity.
- 31 Oct 2008: CBSL issues Provisional Licence under the Banking Act to form Amana Bank subject to certain conditions

2009 -2010



Raising capital against the global financial crisis; ethnic war | country rating below investment grade; limited enabling environment

2009 End of Terrorism: Dramatic and timely change in ground situation Gearing up: Migrating from an unregulated company to an Islamic banking operation under conventional regulations

Aug 2011

Amana Bank



First licensed commercial bank on Islamic banking principles opens for business

The Islamic Finance Space Today

Potential: USD 1.5 bn +

1

full-fledged Islamic Commercial Bank

Amãna Bank 🛞

Total Assets LKR 15.7 bn

4 Banking Windows

Total Assets LKR 31.3 bn





Total Assets LKR 5.2 bn

Finance/Leasing
Company
Windows







Total Assets LKR 10.4 bn

The Islamic Finance Eco-System



Sri Lanka : Opportunities



- Political stability
- Emerging economy; poised for growth and development
- Geographic positioning for Islamic investment flows ME to FE [triangular connection]
- Regulatory acceptance of business model
- Engagement for further appropriate changes in Regulatory, Legal and Fiscal frameworks
- Growing awareness beyond Islamic market segment

Opportunities

- Low market penetration allows scope for capturing both existing users of conventional finance and untapped market segments
- More banks considering opening Islamic windows
- Govt's infrastructure development budget > USD 20bn offers scope for Sovereign Sukuks
- New regulatory policy requirements on NBFIs to strengthen capital and liquidity offers scope for raising long term funding through Sukuks
- Leasing industry which is over-reliant on short term bank finance offers opportunity for long term financing [Sukuks and Islamic securitisation]. Recent changes to the Leasing Act allows transfer of lease asset ownership to an SPV
- An under-developed capital market offers tremendous scope for Islamic capital market instruments
- The small scale diversities in agricultural and live stock breeding offer scope for Islamic microfinance
- Low penetration of insurance offers opportunity for new Takaful companies

The Challenges Ahead

- Certainty in the enabling environment: How swiftly would the Regulators respond to the call of the industry for a competitive regulatory, legal and tax environment?
- Need to build capacity at the Regulatory level
- HR Training & Education at Market level
- Liquidity management
- Islamic Finance must integrate with the country's growing Halal industry food, cosmetics, tourism
- Narrow pool of Sharia scholars entails governance risks, conflicts of interest | competency issues
- Standardisation of Contracts | Central Sharia Council
- Good Governance at the institutional level
- Product R&D to meet the changing needs of the Y generation
- The Market, both Islamic and non-Islamic, is unlikely to be swayed simply by an Islamic brand but will demand more value for money. Consumers will not simply choose their bank on religious grounds but will look for Economic Value and Commercial Reason.
- To become an Islamic Financial Hub: industry will be driven to be more skewed towards the Commercial. Industry needs to build scale and reach critical mass; and connect with IF markets overseas to mobilise cross-border transactions.
- Sharia-based institutions Vs Sharia-compliant institutions